# BAKER, ANDERSON & ELLIOTT, CPAS 738 US HIGHWAY 62 GRAND RIVERS, KY 42045 (270) 362-8901

July 12, 2011

Honorable B.T. Moodie, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers Grand Rivers, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB Circular A-133), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated January 4, 2011. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, management has determined that none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 12, 2011.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

Baker, anderson & Ellett, CPAs

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other independent accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
With Independent Auditor's report

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	Pages
Management's Discussion and Analysis:	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	1.0
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	1.2
Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets –	1.4
Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	15
·	16
Notes to Financial Statements:	17
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	31
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Tourism Commission	32
Supplementary Information:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	33
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34
Detail Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
Municipal Aid Road Fund	35
Cemetery Fund	36
Community Center Building Fund	37
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	38
	50

#### BAKER, ANDERSON & ELLIOTT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 738 U.S. HIGHWAY 62 GRAND RIVERS, KY 42045

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable B.T. Moodie, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers Grand Rivers, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 12, 2011, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and 31 through 32, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of these financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Baker, anderson & Ellett, CPAS

July 12, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

As management of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The City first implemented GASB 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Government, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) establishes accounting practices for state and local governments. GASB 34 requires the City to present a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) as part of the audited financial statements. To fully understand the City's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements (pages 8-16) provided in this document.

## **Nature of Organization and Reporting Entity**

The City was formed in 1892 and provides water and sewer, streets, parks, cemetery, and general administration services for its residents.

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed its relationship with other governments and organizations and concluded that, in accordance with the criteria set forth in Sections 2100 and 2600 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification, the City is a separate reporting entity.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), Basic Financial Statements, and Supplementary Information. The Basic Financial Statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) include notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all City assets and liabilities, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net assets. Monitoring increases and/or decreases in net assets over time may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving, stagnating, or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All net asset changes are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues and expenses are reported in the Statement of Activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish City functions that are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other City functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). City governmental activities include general government, public safety, parks and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. Business-type activities of the City include Water and Sewer systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over segregated resources for specific activities or objectives. The City of Grand Rivers, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. City funds can be divided into two categories:

1) Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a city's near term financing requirements.

The City maintains eight (8) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Tourism Commission and Storm Damage Funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five (5) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions by comparing the narrow-focus governmental funds financial statements with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Pages 11 and 13 provide a reconciliation to ease comparison between the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found at pages 10-13 of this report.

2) Proprietary Funds. The City uses two enterprise funds to account for the water and sewer utility systems. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. These operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to fully understanding data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements can be found at pages 17-30 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparison schedules for general and major special revenue funds, except for the Storm Damage Fund. A budget for the Storm Damage Fund was not prepared. This information can be found on pages 31-32 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required budgetary supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 33-37 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. City assets exceeded liabilities by \$4.17 million as of June 30, 2010.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (91%) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens and, as a result, these assets are not available for future spending. The City's capital assets investment is reported net of related debt, but the resources to pay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The following statements present comparison of the current year government-wide data with the prior year government-wide data for analyses purposes:

## The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky

Condensed Statements of Net Assets
June 30

#### **ASSETS**

		Government Activities		ss-Type vities
Current assets	<b>2010</b> \$ 476,600	2009 \$1,000,214	2010	2009
Non-current assets	<u>2,289,511</u>	\$1,000,314 2,376,468	\$ 270,103 2,774,736	\$ 301,313 _2,486,537
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,766,111	\$3,376,782	\$3,044,839	\$2,787,850
	LIABILITIES AND NET	ASSETS		
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	\$ 296,498	\$ 727,464	\$ 227,564	\$ 160,695
Non-current liabilities	423,951	475,177	<u>697,773</u>	775,886
Total liabilities	720,449	1,202,641	925,337	936,581
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	1,813,407	1,843,968	1,987,519	1,623,657
Restricted net assets	19,685	22,154	-	
Unrestricted net assets	<u>212,570</u>	308,019	131,983	227,612
Total net assets	2,045,662	2,174,141	2,119,502	1,851,269
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
NET ASSETS	\$2,766,111	\$3,376,782	\$3,044,839	\$2,787,850

## **Analysis of the City's Operations**

The following statement provides a summary of the City's operations for years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$128,479 and business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$268,233 resulting in an overall increase in net assets of \$139,754. In the prior year, overall net assets increased by \$89,294.

#### The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets
For the Years Ended June 30

	Government Activities		Business-Type Activities	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Total revenues	\$ 512,735	\$1,002,864	\$1,088,635	\$ 871,083
Total expenses	(641,214)	(985,508)	820,402	799,145
INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN NET ASSETS	\$ (128,479)	\$ 17,356	\$ 268,233	\$ 71,938

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in determining the City's financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance serves as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$228 thousand. Approximately 73% of this total amount, \$168 thousand, is unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Of the \$228 thousand, \$60 thousand is in various funds, which are restricted to specific purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$198,148. This was a decrease of \$26,439 from the 2008-2009 fiscal year.

The Tourism Commission's fund balance at the end of the 2009-2010 fiscal year was \$74,505. This was a decrease of \$6,218 from the 2008-2009 fiscal year.

The Storm Damage fund was established to account for cost of maintenance and repairs needed as result of recent ice storm and flood damages. At the end of the 2009-2010 fiscal year, there was a deficit fund balance of \$88,429. This deficit increased by \$75,815 during the fiscal year 2009-2010. Some of these costs (flood damages) that occurred during the fiscal year 2009-2010 may be reimbursed by state and federal agencies.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010, is \$5.05 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building, improvements, machinery, and equipment.

During fiscal year 2010, projects and equipment expenditures totaled approximately \$439 thousand. Approximately \$223 thousand of these expenditures were for water improvement projects and \$165 thousand were for sewer improvement projects. The remaining capital expenditures were for various other projects and equipment.

At year end, the City had \$1,280,771 in outstanding capital leases and notes, compared to \$1,880,906 at June 30, 2009, with maturities extending through 2027. During the year, the City's total debt decreased by \$600,135.

## **Requests for Additional Information**

This report is intended to provide readers with a general overview of the City's finances and to provide information regarding the receipts and uses of funds. If you need clarification regarding a statement(s) made in the report or need additional information, please contact the City of Grand Rivers, P.O. Box 265, Grand Rivers, Kentucky 42045.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

## **ASSETS**

	Governmental	Business-Type	
Current Assets:	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,432	\$ (70,157)	\$ 122,275
Investments	78,897	165,201	244,098
Receivables, net:			
Fees and services	6,368	160,224	166,592
Taxes	186,512	-	186,512
Internal balances	11,092	(11,092)	· -
Inventory	-	24,000	24,000
Prepaid insurance	1,299	1,927	3,226
Total current assets	476,600	270,103	746,703
Noncurrent Assets:			
Lease issuance costs, net	431	11,330	11,761
Net capital assets:			•
Land and construction in progress	265,350	-	265,350
Depreciable capital assets	2,023,305	2,763,406	4,786,711
Other assets	425	•	425
Total noncurrent assets	2,289,511	2,774,736	5,064,247
Total assets	2,766,111	3,044,839	5,810,950
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	54,069	124,497	178,566
Notes payable	29,636	127,777	29,636
Taxes withheld and accrued	1,467	1,407	2,874
Meter deposits payable	-,	10,635	10,635
Deferred revenue	159,515	-	159,515
Accrued interest	514	12,911	13,425
Leases payable due within one year	51,297	78,114	129,411
Total current liabilities			
	296,498	227,564	524,062
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Leases payable	423,951	697,773	1,121,724
Total liabilities	720,449	925,337	1,645,786
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net			
of related debt	1,813,407	1,987,519	3,800,926
Restricted for:	1,010,107	1,707,717	5,000,540
Program purposes	64	_	64
Unrestricted	232,191	131,983	364,174
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$2,045,662	\$2,119,502	\$4,165,164

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

ELINGELONG (DD C CD )	Program Revenues				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS  Primary Government:	_Expenses_	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities: General government Highways and streets Parks and recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$ 431,310 82,217 80,841 46,846	\$ - 8,800	\$ 6,464 6,562	\$ - - -	
Total governmental activities	641,214	8,800	13,026	_	
Business-type activities: Water system Sewer system	539,490 280,912	511,520 251,108	<u>-</u>	150,000 172,022	
Total business-type activities	820,402	762,628		322,022	
TOTALS	\$1,461,616	\$771,428	\$13,026	\$322,022	

#### General revenues:

Taxes and licenses:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Franchise tax

Hotel/motel and restaurant taxes

Vehicle tax

Interest income

Rent income

Gain (loss) on disposition of property

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, July 1, 2009

Prior period adjustment

NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2010

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Net Assets	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (424,846)	\$ -	\$ (424,846)
(75,655)	-	(75,655)
(72,041)	-	(72,041)
(46,846)	**	(46,846)
(619,388)		(619,388)
_	122,030	122,030
•	142,218	142,218
-	264,248	264,248
(619,388)	264,248	(355,140)
174,419	-	174,419
15,459	-	15,459
122,271	-	122,271
27,267	-	27,267
2,252	3,985	6,237
103,984	-	103,984
(3,000)	-	(3,000)
48,257		48,257
490,909	3,985	494,894
-	~	_
490,909	3,985	494,894
(128,479)	268,233	139,754
2,063,141	1,851,269	3,914,410
111,000		111,000
\$2,045,662	\$2,119,502	\$4,165,164

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

<u>ASSETS</u>	General Fund	Tourism Commission	Storm Damage Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$201,025	\$59,803	\$ (25,717)	\$(42,679)	\$192,432
Investments	29,128	-	-	49,769	78,897
Accounts receivable:				,	,
Fees and services	6,368	-	-	-	6,368
Taxes	5,160	18,045	-	-	23,205
Property taxes levied - 2010	159,265	-	-	-	159,265
Prepaid insurance	874	425	-	-	1,299
Utility deposits	425	-	-	-	425
Due from other funds	17,428	-	_	42,021	59,449
TOTAL ASSETS	\$419,673	\$78,273	\$ (25,717)	\$ 49,111	\$521,340
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 18,022	\$ 1,738	\$ 33,076	\$ 1,233	\$ 54,069
Note payable	-	-	29,636	-	29,636
Taxes withheld and accrued	1,467	-	-	-	1,467
Due to other funds	42,771	2,030	-	3,556	48,357
Unearned revenue	159,265			250	159,515
Total liabilities	221,525	3,768	62,712	5,039	293,044
Fund Balances: Reserved:					
For program purposes	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	-
For prepaid insurance	874	425	-	-	1,299
For due from other funds Unreserved:	17,428	-	-	42,021	59,449
General Fund	170.046				
Special Revenue Funds	179,846	74.090	(00.420)	2.071	179,846
Special Revenue Funds	-	74,080	(88,429)	2,051	(12,298)
Total fund balances	198,148	74,505	(88,429)	44,072	228,296
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES	\$419,673	\$78,273	\$ (25,717)	\$ 49,111	\$521,340

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 228,296
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Delinquent property taxes receivable are not reported in the go funds balance sheet since they are not considered "available" rever	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental furtherest.	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance long-term liabilities are:	
Due within one year	\$ 51,297
Due after one year	423,951 (475,248)
Lease issuance costs used in governmental activities are not curre	ent financial
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fur sheet.	nds balance 431
Accrued interest payments on debt are not due and payable in	the current
period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fun	
sheet.	(514)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$2,045,662

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Tourism	Storm Damage	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenues:	Fund	Commission	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	Funds
Taxes	\$ 200,529	\$ 122,271	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 322,800
Franchise fees	15,459	-	-	-	15,459
Intergovernmental	-	6,049	-	6,562	12,611
Interest	770	295	-	1,187	2,252
Miscellaneous	70,397	47,919	_	43,535	161,851
Total revenues	287,155	176,534		51,284	514,973
Expenditures:					
Current operations:					
General government	137,923	122,090	64,380	52,525	376,918
Highways and streets	79,673	•	-	-	79,673
Parks and recreation	36,509	-	-	-	36,509
Capital outlay	16,778	-	-	820	17,598
Debt service:					,
Principal requirement	30,752	25,357	-	-	56,109
Interest and fiscal requirement	9,959	25,305	11,435	_	46,699
Total expenditures	311,594	172,752	75,815	53,345	613,506
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(24,439)	3,782	(75,815)	(2,061)	(98,533)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Long-term debt issued	-	-	_	_	
Transfers in	10,000	_	_	12,000	22,000
Transfers out	(12,000)	(10,000)	_	12,000	(22,000)
		(10,000)			(22,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,000)	(10,000)	•	12,000	_
Net change in fund balances	(26,439)	(6,218)	(75,815)	9,939	(98,533)
Fund balances, July 1, 2009	224,587	80,723	(12,614)	34,133	326,829
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 198,148	\$ 74,505	\$ (88,429)	\$ 44,072	\$ 228,296

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (98,533)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays in	
the current period.	17,598
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(101,268)
Principal payments of debt require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, principal payments of debt do not affect net assets in the government-wide statement of activities.	56,109
Delinquent property taxes receivable are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	762
The remaining basis on disposal of capital assets is not recorded in the governmental funds because the assets were recorded as expenditures when purchased.	(3,000)
Accrued interest payments on debt do not require the use of current financial resources. Accrued interest is reported as an expenditure in the government-wide statement of activities.	140
Governmental funds report the effect of bond issuance costs when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This reflects amortization expense for the current year ended.	(287)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$(128,479)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities		
	Water	Sewer	
Operating Revenues:	Fund	Fund	Totals
Charges for services	\$ 426,236	\$250,834	\$ 677,070
Surcharges	79,249	-	79,249
Miscellaneous	6,035	274	6,309
Total operating revenues	511,520	251,108	762,628
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and wages	88,318	66,253	154,571
Depreciation	84,799	46,082	130,881
Utilities	3,435	25,632	29,067
Chemical, treatment, and testing	3,320	61,271	64,591
Gasoline, oil, and grease	7,856	4,297	12,153
Repairs	42,054	33,383	·
Insurance	23,255	15,941	75,437
Taxes	6,756		39,196
Water purchased		5,068	11,824
Office supplies	211,282	2.496	211,282
Professional fees	10,325	2,486	12,811
Miscellaneous	8,210	5,625	13,835
Miscerianeous	14,570	7,902	22,472
Total operating expenses	504,180	273,940	778,120
Operating income	7,340	(22,832)	(15,492)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Grant revenue	150,000	172,022	322,022
Interest income	2,023	1,962	
Interest expense	(35,310)	•	3,985
21.01.03.0 3.1.p.0.13.0	(33,310)	(6,972)	(42,282)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	116,713	167,012	283,725
Change in net assets before capital contributions	124,053	144,180	268,233
Capital Contributions:			
Contributed capital			
Change in net assets	124,053	144,180	268,233
Total net assets, July 1, 2009	1,151,547	699,722	1,851,269
TOTAL NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2010	\$1,275,600	\$843,902	\$2,119,502

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:         Major Fund (Fund)         Enterprise (Fund)         Totals		Business-Type Activities		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:         Fund         Fund         Totals           Cash received from customers         \$498,724         \$241,924         \$740,648           Payments to suppliers         (320,589)         (172,551)         (370,910)           Payments to suppliers         (88,318)         (66,235)         (154,771)           Other receipts (payments)         (88,318)         (66,235)         (154,770)           Net cash provided by operating activities         81,984         (1,017)         80,967           Cash Flows from Capital and Related           Financing Activities:           Payments on lease obligations         (34,402)         (6,796)         (41,198)           Grant proceeds         138,267         122,889         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         212,889         (126,707)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Purchase of investing Activities         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Cash and cash and cash equival		Major		
Cash received from customers         \$498,724         \$24,924         \$74,0648           Payments to suppliers         (326,589)         (172,551)         (499,140)           Payments to employees         (88,318)         (66,623)         (154,571)           Other receipts (payments)         (1,833)         (4,137)         (5,970)           Net cash provided by operating activities         81,984         (1,017)         80,967           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:           Payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Interest payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Interest payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Grant proceeds         138,267         122,899         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Interest on cash and investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         (69,315)         (42,543)<		Water	Sewer	
Payments to suppliers   (326,589) (172,551) (499,140)   Payments to employees   (88,318) (66,223) (154,571)   Other receipts (payments)   (11,833) (4,137) (5,970)   Net cash provided by operating activities   81,984 (1,017) (5,970)   Receipts (payments)   (30,847) (1,017) (1,980)   Receipts (payments)   (42,814) (1,980) (1,982) (1,198)   Receipts (payments)   (42,814) (1,980) (1,982) (1,198)   Receipts (payments)   (42,814) (1,980) (1,982) (1,9				Totals
Payments to employees			\$ 241,924	\$ 740,648
Other receipts (payments)         (1,833)         (4,137)         (2,970)           Net cash provided by operating activities         81,984         (1,017)         80,967           Cash Flows from Capital and Related           Financing Activities:           Payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Interest payments on lease obligations         (34,402)         (6,796)         (41,198)           Grant proceeds         138,267         122,889         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         -         -         -           Payments for capital assets         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Interest on cash and investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         (1,809)         (1,962)         3,985           Purchase of investments         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net				
Net cash provided by operating activities         81,984         (1,017)         80,967           Cash Flows from Capital and Related           Financing Activities:         82         42,814         (30,849)         (73,663)           Payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Interest payments on lease obligations         (34,402)         (6,796)         (41,198)           Grant proceeds         138,267         122,889         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Interest on cash and investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         2,14         2.14         2.14           Net cash provided by investing activities         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Acash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:           Operating income         \$ 7,340         \$ (22,832)         \$ (15,492)           Ac			(66,253)	(154,571)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related           Financing Activities:           Payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Interest payments on lease obligations         (34,402)         (6,796)         (41,198)           Grant proceeds         138,267         122,889         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         -         -         -           Payments for capital assets         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Interest on cash and investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Net cash provided by investing activities         214         -         214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	Other receipts (payments)	(1,833)	(4,137)	(5,970)
Pinancing Activities:   Payments on lease obligations   (42,814)   (30,849)   (73,663)     Interest payments on lease obligations   (34,402)   (6,796)   (41,198)     Grant proceeds   138,267   122,889   261,156     Proceeds from sale of equipment   (212,564)   (126,770)   (339,334)     Payments for capital assets   (212,564)   (126,770)   (339,334)     Net cash used by capital and related financing activities   (151,513)   (41,526)   (193,039)     Cash Flows from Investing Activities:   (1,809)   (1,962)   (3,771)     Net cash provided by investing activities   (1,809)   (1,962)   (3,771)     Net cash provided by investing activities   (2,931)   (42,543)   (111,858)     Cash and cash equivalents   (69,315)   (42,543)   (111,858)     Cash and cash equivalents   (69,315)   (42,543)   (111,858)     Cash and cash equivalents   (69,315)   (42,543)   (111,858)     Cash and cash equivalents   (73,640)   (73,667)     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010   (73,670)   (70,157)     Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net   (73,667)   (70,157)     Cash Provided (Used) by Operating activities:   (73,40)   (73,667)   (70,157)     Depreciation   (73,667)   (73,667)   (70,157)	Net cash provided by operating activities	81,984	(1,017)	80,967
Payments on lease obligations         (42,814)         (30,849)         (73,663)           Interest payments on lease obligations         (34,402)         (6,796)         (41,198)           Grant proceeds         138,267         122,889         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         1         122,889         261,156           Payments for capital assets         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Interest on cash and investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         (1,809)         (1,962)         (3,771)           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:           Deperating income         \$(3,340)         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)				
Interest payments on lease obligations				
Interest payments on lease obligations   (34,402)   (6,796)   (41,198)   Grant proceeds   138,267   122,889   261,156   Proceeds from sale of equipment   (122,564)   (126,770)   (339,334)   Payments for capital assets   (212,564)   (126,770)   (339,334)   Payments for capital assets   (151,513)   (41,526)   (193,039)   Payments for capital and related financing activities   (151,513)   (41,526)   (193,039)   Payments from Investing Activities:   (1,809)   (1,962)   (3,771)   Payments of investments   (1,809)   (1,962)   (3,771)   Payments of investments   (69,315)   (42,543)   (111,858)   Purchase of investments   (69,315)   (40,326)   (40,		(42,814)	(30,849)	(73,663)
Grant proceeds         138,267         122,889         261,156           Proceeds from sale of equipment         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         2,023         1,962         3,771)           Net cash provided by investing activities         214         -         214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net         Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$4,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$(5,668)         8(228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance <td< td=""><td></td><td>(34,402)</td><td>(6,796)</td><td></td></td<>		(34,402)	(6,796)	
Proceeds from sale of equipment Payments for capital assets         (212,564)         (126,770)         (339,334)           Net cash used by capital and related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         2,023         1,962         3,985           Interest on cash and investments         (1,809)         (1,962)         (3,771)           Net cash provided by investing activities         214         -         214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$12,896         \$12,896         \$12,896           Prepaid insurance         \$(5,668)         \$(8,228)         \$(13,896)           Prepaid insurance         \$(2,2281)		138,267	122,889	261,156
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities   (151,513)   (41,526)   (193,039)		-	-	· -
related financing activities         (151,513)         (41,526)         (193,039)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         2,023         1,962         3,785           Purchase of investments         214         -         214           Net cash provided by investing activities         214         -         214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net         57,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         57,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Operacting income         \$4,799         \$46,082         \$130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$4,799         \$46,082         \$130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$4,799         \$46,082         \$130,881           Prepaid insurance         \$(5,668)         \$82,28)         \$(13,896)	Payments for capital assets	(212,564)	(126,770)	(339,334)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         (1,875)         (1,325)         (19,339)           Interest on cash and investments         2,023         1,962         3,985           Purchase of investments         (1,809)         (1,962)         (3,771)           Net cash provided by investing activities         214         -         214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net         Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:           Operating income         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Perpeciation cone         \$84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$(5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         \$(5,668)         (5,5732)         (56,618)           Accoun				
Interest on cash and investments	related financing activities	(151,513)	(41,526)	(193,039)
Interest on cash and investments	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Purchase of investments         (1,809)         (1,962)         (3,771)           Net cash provided by investing activities         214         -         214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$(5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         \$(1,244)         \$(83)         \$(1,927)           Due from other funds         8866         \$(55,732)         \$(56,618)           Accounts payable         \$(2,281)         \$(16,014)         \$(18,295)           Taxes withheld and accrued         \$(2,281)         \$(16,014)         \$(18,295)           Meter dep		2 023	1 962	3 085
Net cash provided by investing activities         214         - 214           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (69,315)         (42,543)         (111,858)           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         (5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         (1,244)         (683)         (1,927)           Due from other funds         (886)         (55,732)         (56,618)           Accounts payable         (2,281)         (16,014)         (18,295)           Taxes withheld and accrued         (226)         (40)         (266)           Meter deposits payable         150         -         150           Due to other funds         -         56,43	Purchase of investments			
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         214           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:           Operating income         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$(5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         \$(1,244)         \$(683)         \$(1,927)           Due from other funds         \$(886)         \$(55,732)         \$(5,618)           Accounts payable         \$(2,281)         \$(16,014)         \$(18,295)           Taxes withheld and accrued         \$(226)         \$(40)         \$(266)           Meter deposits payable         \$(25,643)         \$(5,643)         \$(5,643)           Due to other funds         \$(5,643)         \$(5,643)         \$(5,643)         \$(5,643)	Net cash provided by investing activities		(1,50 0 40)	
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009         108,427         (66,726)         41,701           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$39,112         \$(109,269)         \$(70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:           Operating income         \$7,340         \$(22,832)         \$(15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Depreciation         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$(5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         (1,244)         (683)         (1,927)           Due from other funds         (886)         (55,732)         (56,618)           Accounts payable         (2,281)         (16,014)         (18,295)           Taxes withheld and accrued         (226)         (40)         (266)           Meter deposits payable         150         -         150           Due to other funds         -         56,430         56,430		214	•	214
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010         \$ 39,112         \$ (109,269)         \$ (70,157)           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$ 7,340         \$ (22,832)         \$ (15,492)           Operating income         \$ 7,340         \$ (22,832)         \$ (15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$ 84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         \$ (5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         (1,244)         (683)         (1,927)           Due from other funds         (886)         (55,732)         (56,618)           Accounts payable         (2,281)         (16,014)         (18,295)           Taxes withheld and accrued         (226)         (40)         (266)           Meter deposits payable         150         -         150           Due to other funds         -         56,430         56,430    NET CASH PROVIDED BY	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(69,315)	(42,543)	(111,858)
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net           Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$ 7,340         \$ (22,832)         \$ (15,492)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         84,799         46,082         130,881           Change in assets and liabilities:         Accounts receivable         (5,668)         (8,228)         (13,896)           Prepaid insurance         (1,244)         (683)         (1,927)           Due from other funds         (886)         (55,732)         (56,618)           Accounts payable         (2,281)         (16,014)         (18,295)           Taxes withheld and accrued         (226)         (40)         (266)           Meter deposits payable         150         -         150           Due to other funds         -         56,430         56,430    NET CASH PROVIDED BY	Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009	108,427	(66,726)	41,701
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         Operating income       \$ 7,340       \$ (22,832)       \$ (15,492)         Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:       Depreciation       84,799       46,082       130,881         Change in assets and liabilities:         Accounts receivable       (5,668)       (8,228)       (13,896)         Prepaid insurance       (1,244)       (683)       (1,927)         Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       -       150         Due to other funds       -       56,430       56,430    NET CASH PROVIDED BY	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 39,112	\$(109,269)	\$ (70,157)
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         Operating income       \$ 7,340       \$ (22,832)       \$ (15,492)         Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:       Depreciation       84,799       46,082       130,881         Change in assets and liabilities:         Accounts receivable       (5,668)       (8,228)       (13,896)         Prepaid insurance       (1,244)       (683)       (1,927)         Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       -       150         Due to other funds       -       56,430       56,430    NET CASH PROVIDED BY	Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net			
Operating income       \$ 7,340       \$ (22,832)       \$ (15,492)         Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:       Depreciation       84,799       46,082       130,881         Change in assets and liabilities:       Accounts receivable       (5,668)       (8,228)       (13,896)         Prepaid insurance       (1,244)       (683)       (1,927)         Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       -       150         Due to other funds       -       56,430       56,430     NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CENTURES.  Section of the contraction of the contrac				
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation  Change in assets and liabilities:  Accounts receivable  Prepaid insurance  Due from other funds  Accounts payable  Taxes withheld and accrued  Meter deposits payable  Due to other funds  NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Operating income	\$ 7340	\$ (22.822)	P (15 400)
to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation  Change in assets and liabilities:  Accounts receivable  Prepaid insurance  Oue from other funds  Accounts payable  Taxes withheld and accrued  Meter deposits payable  Due to other funds  ODED A TIME A CTIMITIES		\$ 7,340	\$ (22,032)	\$ (15,492)
Depreciation	to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Change in assets and liabilities:       40,062       150,861         Accounts receivable       (5,668)       (8,228)       (13,896)         Prepaid insurance       (1,244)       (683)       (1,927)         Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       -       150         Due to other funds       -       56,430       56,430     NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CTINITIES		84 799	46.082	120 001
Accounts receivable       (5,668)       (8,228)       (13,896)         Prepaid insurance       (1,244)       (683)       (1,927)         Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       -       150         Due to other funds       -       56,430       56,430     NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CTINITIES		04,799	40,082	130,001
Prepaid insurance       (1,244)       (683)       (1,927)         Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       150       150         Due to other funds       - 56,430       56,430     NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CTINITIES	Accounts receivable	(5.668)	(8.228)	(13 806)
Due from other funds       (886)       (55,732)       (56,618)         Accounts payable       (2,281)       (16,014)       (18,295)         Taxes withheld and accrued       (226)       (40)       (266)         Meter deposits payable       150       -       150         Due to other funds       -       56,430       56,430     NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CTINITIES	Prepaid insurance			
Accounts payable (2,281) (16,014) (18,295) Taxes withheld and accrued (226) (40) (266) Meter deposits payable 150 - 150 Due to other funds - 56,430 56,430  NET CASH PROVIDED BY	Due from other funds			
Taxes withheld and accrued Meter deposits payable Due to other funds  NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CTIVITIES	Accounts payable			
Meter deposits payable Due to other funds  NET CASH PROVIDED BY  OPERATING A CTIVITIES				
Due to other funds  - 56,430  NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING A CTIVITIES	Meter deposits payable		(40)	
ODED A TIME A CTIVITIES	Due to other funds		56,430	
ODED A TIME A CTIVITIES	NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
		\$ 81,984	\$ (1,017)	\$ 80,967

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

#### **General Statement**

The City of Grand Rivers (City) complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. This requires the use of the accrual basis of accounting for government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements and a modified accrual basis of accounting for the governmental funds financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial reporting entity, basis of accounting, and other significant policies employed by the City are summarized as follows:

## **Financial Reporting Entity**

The City operates under a City Council form of government. The City Council consists of six members elected at large by the citizens on a nonpartisan basis. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Grand Rivers. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. As a result of applying GAAP criteria, no component units have been included in these financial statements.

## **Basis of Presentation**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Tourism Commission - To account for the collection and expenditure of hotel/motel and restaurant taxes. These revenues are to be used to promote tourism in the City.

Storm Damage Fund - To account for the cost of maintenance and repairs needed as result of the 2009 Kentucky Winter Ice Storm.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund - To account for providing water to the residents of the City.

Sewer Fund - To account for providing sewer services to the residents of the City.

#### **Measurement Focus**

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation lease principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include employee license taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within sixty days after year end. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are taxes, intergovernmental, employer and employees' contributions to trust funds, interest revenue, and charges for services. License and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

#### Unearned Revenue

The City reports unearned revenue on its statement of net assets. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net assets and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing those.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between department line items; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council.

#### **Cash and Investments**

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Assets, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments, which are composed of certificates of deposit, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 3.

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities normally includes property taxes. Business-type activities report utilities as their major receivable.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as franchise tax and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

## **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. See Note 3 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at estimated cost.

#### **Fixed Assets**

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide Statement

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. After July 1, 2003, these assets, when purchased, will be capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by propriety funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Land improvements	10-35 Years
Buildings	35-50 Years
Equipment	5-10 Years
Furnishings and fixtures	3-10 Years
Vehicles	5- 7 Years

The City has elected not to retroactively report general infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003.

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of leases payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### **Equity Classifications**

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Prepaid items and due from other funds are reserved to signify that a portion of the fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### **Program Revenues**

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

## Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses - Proprietary Funds

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. Operating expenses for the enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - by character:

Current (further classified by function)
Debt Service
Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund - by operating and nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

In September 1989, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows.

Fund Accounting Requirements

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Revenue Restrictions

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include grants.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

Debt Restrictions and Covenants

The City may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue without first obtaining voter approval. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City incurred no such indebtedness.

#### **Note 2 - Property Taxes:**

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City elects to use the annual property assessment prepared by Livingston County, as its base to apply the property tax rate. According to Kentucky Revised Statutes, the assessment date for the City must conform to the assessment date of Livingston County, and the annual increase in the property tax levy cannot exceed 4%. City property tax revenues are recorded as a receivable when assessed because the City has an enforceable legal claim to the resources. At this time, the receivable is offset by unearned revenue. Property tax revenues are recognized during the period for which they are levied.

The due dates and collection period for all property taxes, exclusive of vehicle taxes, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, are as follows:

Description	Date
Assessment and enforceable lien	January 1, 2009
Levy	October 31, 2009
Face value amount payment dates	December 1, 2009

#### Note 3 - Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts:

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

#### **Deposits**

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in interest-bearing and demand deposits in national or state chartered banks and insured by an agency of the U.S. government. The City can also invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, agencies, and instrumentalities. The City has no other policy that further limits its investments. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's cash and cash equivalents and investments was \$366,373 and the bank balance was \$382,868. Demand deposits, certificates of deposit and other cash and cash equivalents were held in various financial institutions. Deposits of \$279,306 were covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining balance of \$103,562 was composed of U.S. Treasury obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## Note 3 - Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts:

## **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>
Land	\$ 265,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265,350
Construction in progress		-	-	***************************************
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	265,350			265,350
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	89,046	16,778	-	105,824
Land improvements	1,289,396	-		1,289,396
Buildings	1,185,533	-	3,000	1,182,533
Furnishings and fixtures Vehicles	116,672	820	-	117,492
venicles	***************************************			<u> </u>
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	2,680,647	<u>17,598</u>	3,000	2,695,245
I aga agammaylatad dayya isti ay				
Less accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure	7 411	2 970		10.201
Land improvements	7,411 236,415	2,870	-	10,281
Buildings	275,620	52,585 37,462	-	289,000
Furnishings and fixtures	51,226	8,351	-	313,082 59,577
Vehicles	51,220	0,551	_	59,577 -
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>570,672</u>	101,268		<u>671,940</u>
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	2,109,975	(83,670)	3,000	2,023,305
asprosiated, net	<u></u>	(05,070)	3,000	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 2,375,325</u>	<u>\$ (83,670)</u>	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,288,655
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,561	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,561
	<u>Ψ 3,301</u>	Ψ	<u> </u>	$\frac{\varphi}{2}$ 3,301
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	4,048,711	397,110	-	4,445,821
Equipment	273,575	23,971	-	297,546
Vehicles	118,861			118,861
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	4,441,147	421,081		4,862,228
aoptociatoa	7,771,17/	721,001		4,002,220

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## Note 3 - Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts:

Capital Assets				
Business-Type Activities:	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 1,786,938 134,328 50,236	\$ 96,505 22,199 12,177	\$ - -	\$ 1,883,443 156,527 62,413
Total accumulated depreciation	1,971,502	130,881		2,102,383
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,469,645	290,200		2,759,845
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 2,473,206</u>	\$ 290,200	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,763,406
Depreciation expense was charged to gover	nmental activities	as follows:		
General government Streets and highways Parks and recreation				\$ 54,392 2,544 44,332
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				<u>\$ 101,268</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to busine	ess-type activities	as follows:		
Water Fund Sewer Fund				\$ 84,799 46,082
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE -				

#### **Accounts Payable**

**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES** 

Payables in the governmental and proprietary funds are composed of payables to vendors.

## **Long-Term Debt**

The City's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

\$ 130,881

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 3 - Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts:

#### **Long-Term Debt**

Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2010, the governmental long-term debt consisted of the following:

General obligation notes and leases:

Current portion \$ 51,297
Noncurrent portion 423,951

TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION NOTE AND LEASE COSTS

\$475,248

Business-Type Activities

As of June 30, 2010, the long-term leases payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Long-term leases:

Current portion \$ 78,114
Noncurrent portion 697,773

TOTAL LONG-TERM LEASE COSTS

\$775.887

General Obligation Notes and Leases

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a loan agreement on July 1, 2009, to finance sewer and water system improvements. The original amount advanced was \$100,000. Monthly payments of \$966 including principal and interest began August 1, 2008, and continue for 119 months with a final payment of \$963 due July 1, 2019, at 3% per annum. The loan grants the lender a secured interest in the assets of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$83,080.

2003KADD-058E Issue - The City entered into a leasing agreement on April 24, 2003, with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust to help finance the Trails Project at interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.4% per annum. Semiannual payments including principal and interest began October 20, 2003, and the final payment is due April 20, 2013. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$60,000.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City (Grand Rivers Tourist Commission) entered into an agreement on December 1, 2006, with the First Kentucky Bank to help finance the Badgett Playhouse building at a variable interest rate based on the London Interbank rate. This loan consolidates two initial construction advances of \$200,000 and \$150,000. Monthly payments of \$2,806 including principal and interest began January 2007, and the note matures in 2026. The note is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The rate of the note is 7.72% and the principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$310,763.

Grand Rivers Area Development Foundation, Inc. - The City (Grand Rivers Tourist Commission) also entered into an agreement on September 8, 2005, with the Grand Rivers Area Development Foundation, Inc. to help finance the construction of the Badgett Playhouse building at 5% per annum. The original amount advanced was \$75,000. Monthly payments of \$1,415 including principal and interest began January 1, 2006, and the final payment is due December 10, 2010. The note is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$9,744.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 3 - Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts:

#### **Long-Term Debt**

General Obligation Notes and Leases

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement on June 27, 2007, with the First Kentucky Bank for \$125,250 to finance various projects. Monthly payments of \$1,368 including principal and interest began July 27, 2007, and the note matures on June 27, 2017. The note is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The rate of the note is 5.55% and the principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$94,741.

#### Leases Payable

2003KADD-059E Issue - The City entered into a leasing agreement on April 24, 2003, with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust to finance sewer improvement projects at interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.4% per annum. Semiannual payments including principal and interest began October 20, 2003, and the final payment is due April 20, 2013. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$75,000.

KRWFC Series 2001 B Issue - The City entered into a leasing agreement on December 19, 2001, with the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Area Development Districts Financing Trust to finance water improvement projects at interest rates approximating 5% per annum. Monthly payments including principal and interest are made to a sinking fund beginning January 2002, and the final payment is due July 2022. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$587,000.

Backhoe Lease - The City entered into a leasing agreement on January 26, 2006, with Kentucky League of Cities to finance the acquisition of a backhoe. Monthly payments including principal and interest began March 1, 2006, and the final payment is due in 2016 at an effective interest rate of approximately 3%. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$30,806.

## Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Type of Debt: Governmental activities: General obligation leases and notes:	Beginning Balance	Addi	<u>itions</u>	Ending <u>Reductions</u>	Balance	Due Within One Year
Trails project	\$ 80,000	\$	-	\$20,000	\$ 60,000	\$20,000
Playhouse project	345,864		-	25,357	320,507	19,775
Other projects	105,493		-	_10,752	<u>94,741</u>	11,522
TOTAL GENERAL LONG- TERM DEBT	<u>\$531,357</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$56,109</u>	<u>\$475,248</u>	<u>\$51,297</u>
Business-type activities: Leases payable:						
Sewer improvements	\$100,000	\$	-	\$25,000	\$ 75,000	\$25,000
Water improvements	622,000		-	35,000	587,000	39,000
Loan - Water and sewer improvements Backhoe lease	92,029 35,520	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	8,949 4,714	83,080 30,806	9,221 4,894
TOTAL LONG-TERM LEASES	<u>\$849,549</u>	7	-	<u>\$73,663</u>	<u>\$775,886</u>	\$78,11 <u>5</u>

(Continued)

A mounte

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## Note 3 - Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts:

## Long-Term Debt

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general long-term leases and notes payable as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

Year Ending		Interest/
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Fees
2011	\$ 129,411	\$ 67,302
2012	120,516	61,577
2013	124,556	55,866
2014	81,718	49,032
2015	89,013	45,150
2016-2020	415,536	161,331
2021-2025	252,102	52,007
2026-2027	38,282	<u>1,910</u>
TOTALS	<u>\$1,251,134</u>	<u>\$494,175</u>

Temporary Note Payable

<u>First Kentucky Bank Loan</u> - The City entered into a loan agreement on June 30, 2010, for temporary financing at an interest rate of 5.95% per annum to finance debris cleanup from flood damage. The loan matures on June 30, 2011, and interest is due monthly. The loan is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2010, is \$29,636.

#### **Interfund Transactions and Balances**

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2010, were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
Governmental Funds:	Transfers In	<b>Transfers Out</b>
General Fund	\$10,000	\$12,000
Community Center Building Fund	12,000	•
Tourism Commission		_10,000
TOTALS	\$22,000	\$22,000

#### **Due To/From Balances**

Due to/from balances used to cover current operating expenses were as follows as of June 30, 2010:

	<b>Due From</b>	_Due To
General Fund	\$ 17,428	\$ 42,771
Tourist Commission	-	2,030
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	42,022	3,557
Water Fund	-	29,832
Sewer Fund	<u> 182,204</u>	<u>163,464</u>
TOTALS	\$ 241,654	<u>\$241,654</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **Note 4 - Budget Deficits:**

The following funds had excess expenditures over appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$ 41,994
Tourism Commission	2,933
Cemetery Fund	1,136

The Jetty/Trails Project Funds also had a deficit fund balance of \$46,936 at June 30, 2010.

#### Note 5 - Commitments and Contingencies:

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City has entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for sewer system improvements totaling \$300,000 on December 6, 2006. As of June 30, 2010, expenditures totaling \$297,460 have been incurred and grant revenues of \$297,460 have been recognized on this project.

#### **Grant Contingencies**

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Note 6 - Risk Management and Litigation:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City obtains coverage from commercial insurance companies to handle the risk of loss. There have been no decreases in insurance coverage from the prior year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the prior three years.

## Note 7 - Commitment Under Noncapitalized Lease:

The City is committed under an operating lease agreement for office equipment that provides the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2010, as follows:

2010-2011	\$1,920
2011-2012	1,920
2012-2013	1,600

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$1,202.

#### Note 8 - Prior Period Adjustment:

During the year ended June 30, 2010, it was discovered that a cell tower with a fair value of \$150,000 was given to the City in May 2003 and has not been included in the City's net capital assets. The book value of that asset at June 30, 2009 of \$111,000, which reflects accumulated depreciation of \$39,000 since May 2003, has been recognized as a prior period adjustment to net assets.

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues:	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$189,900	\$200,529	\$ 10,629
Franchise fees	18,000	15,459	(2,541)
Intergovernmental	-	-	-
Interest	1,000	770	(230)
Miscellaneous	62,700	70,397	7,697
Total revenues	271,600	287,155	15,555
Expenditures:			
General government	142,600	137,923	4,677
Highways and streets	52,500	79,673	(27,173)
Parks and recreation	32,500	36,509	(4,009)
Capital outlay	-	16,778	(16,778)
Debt service	42,000	40,711	1,289
Total expenditures	269,600	311,594	(41,994)
Excess of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	2,000	(24,439)	(26,439)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	10,000	10,000	-
Operating transfers out	(12,000)	(12,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,000)	(2,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(26,439)	\$ (26,439)
Fund balance, July 1, 2009		224,587	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010		\$198,148	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TOURISM COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues:	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$113,470	\$122,271	\$ 8,801
Intergovernmental	4,300	6,049	1,749
Interest	240	295	55
Miscellaneous	61,900	47,919	(13,981)
Total revenues	179,910	176,534	(3,376)
Expenditures:			
General government	119,239	122,090	(2,851)
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Debt service	50,580	50,662	(82)
Total expenditures	169,819	172,752	(2,933)
Excess of revenues over			
expenditures	10,091	3,782	(6,309)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(10,000)	(10,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ 91	(6,218)	\$ (6,309)
Fund balance, July 1, 2009		80,723	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010		\$ 74,505	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	Jetty/Trails Project Funds \$ (58,445)	Municipal Aid Road Fund \$11,566	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund \$(2,693)	Cemetery Fund \$ (9,493)	Community Center Building Fund \$16,386	<b>Totals</b> \$ (42,679)
Investments	-		-	29,603	20,166	49,769
Due from other funds	11,509	24,057	6,455		-	42,021
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ (46,936)	\$35,623	\$ 3,762	\$20,110	\$36,552	\$ 49,111
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233
Due to other funds	-	-	-	489	3,067	3,556
Unearned revenue		-	-		250	250
Total current liabilities	-	_	-	489	4,550	5,039
Fund Balances: Reserved:						
For program purposes	-	-	-	19,621	-	19,621
For due from other funds	11,509	24,057	6,455	-	-	42,021
Unreserved	(58,445)	11,566	(2,693)	-	32,002	(17,570)
Total fund balances	(46,936)	35,623	3,762	19,621	32,002	44,072
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	\$ (4C 02C)	#2 <i>5</i> (22	Ф. 2.7/2	000110	<b>***</b>	
FUND BALANCES	\$ (46,936)	\$35,623	\$ 3,762	\$20,110	\$36,552	\$ 49,111

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Revenues:	Jetty/Trails Project Funds	Municipal Aid Road Fund	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	Cemetery Fund	Community Center Building Fund	Totals
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 6,562	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,562
Interest		-	-	998	189	1,187
Miscellaneous			-	2,520	41,015	43,535
Total revenues		6,562		3,518	41,204	51,284
Expenditures:						
General government	-	-	-	5,736	46,789	52,525
Highways and streets	-	-	•	-	, -	´ -
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	820	820
Debt service:						
Principal requirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal						
requirement	-			*	_	
Total expenditures	-	**		5,736	47,609	53,345
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	6,562	-	(2,218)	(6,405)	(2,061)
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers in	_	-	-	-	12,000	12,000
Net change in fund balances	-	6,562	-	(2,218)	5,595	9,939
Fund balances, July 1, 2009	(46,936)	29,061	3,762	21,839	26,407	34,133
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ (46,936)	\$35,623	\$3,762	\$19,621	\$32,002	\$44,072

MUNICIPAL AID ROAD FUND DETAIL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$5,500	\$ 6,562	\$1,062
Expenditures: Debt service:			
Principal requirement Interest and fiscal requirement	5,500	-	5,500
Total expenditures	5,500		5,500
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	6,562	\$6,562
Fund balance, July 1, 2009		29,061	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010		\$35,623	

CEMETERY FUND
DETAIL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Davienness			Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	900	998	98
Miscellaneous		2,520	(1,180)
Total revenues	4,600	3,518	(1,082)
Expenditures:			
General government	4,300	5,736	(1,436)
Highways and streets	•	_	-
Capital outlay	300	-	300
Debt service:			
Principal requirement	-	_	-
Interest and fiscal requirement		_	
Total expenditures	4,600	5,736	(1,136)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	(2,218)	\$(2,218)
Fund balance, July 1, 2009		21,839	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010		\$19,621	

COMMUNITY CENTER BUILDING FUND DETAIL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	25	189	ր - 164
Miscellaneous	42,700	41,015	(1,685)
Total revenues	42,725	41,204	(1,521)
Expenditures:			
General government	53,725	46,789	6,936
Highways and streets	· -	-	· -
Capital outlay	1,000	820	180
Debt service:			
Principal requirement	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal requirement			-
Total expenditures	54,725	47,609	7,116
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	(12,000)	(6,405)	5,595
Other Financing Sources:			
Transfers in	12,000	12,000	-
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	5,595	\$ 5,595
Fund balance, July 1, 2009		26,407	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010		\$32,002	

### BAKER, ANDERSON & ELLIOTT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 738 U.S. HIGHWAY 62 GRAND RIVERS, KY 42045

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable B.T. Moodie, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers Grand Rivers, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 12, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baker, anderson & Elevott, CPAs
July 12, 2011